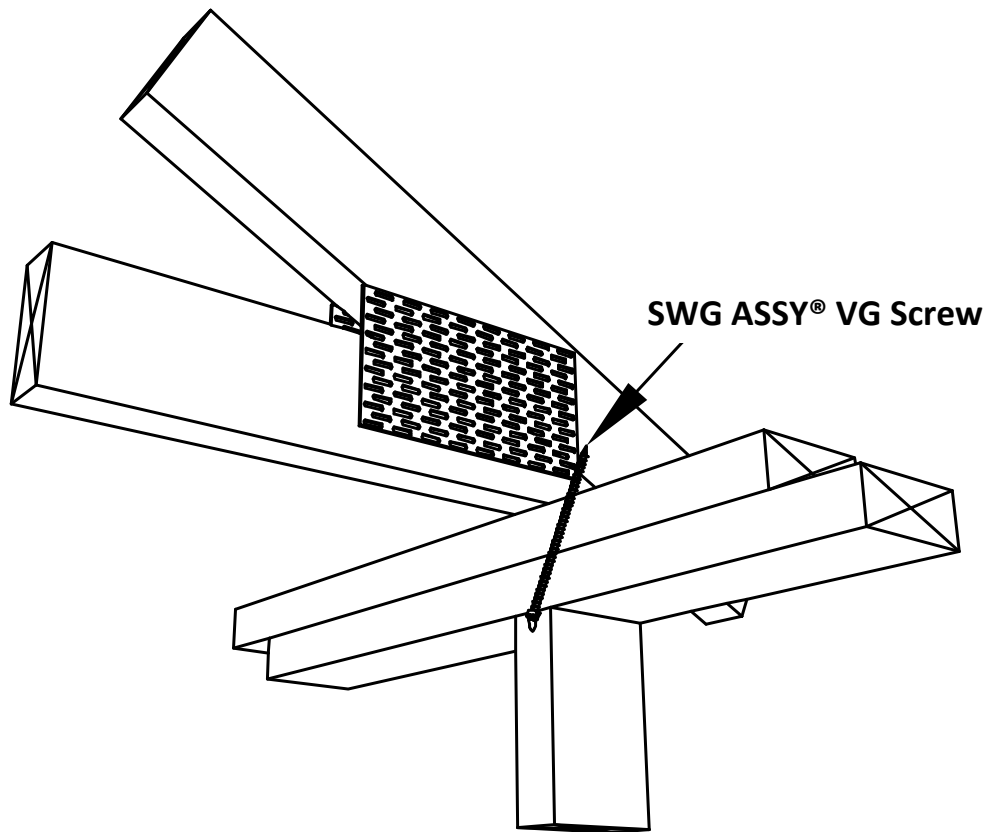


Roof-to-Wall Connections (Truss Uplift)

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TYPICAL ASSY INSTALLATION-
TRUSS ALIGNED W/STUD

WOOD you like to CONNECT?

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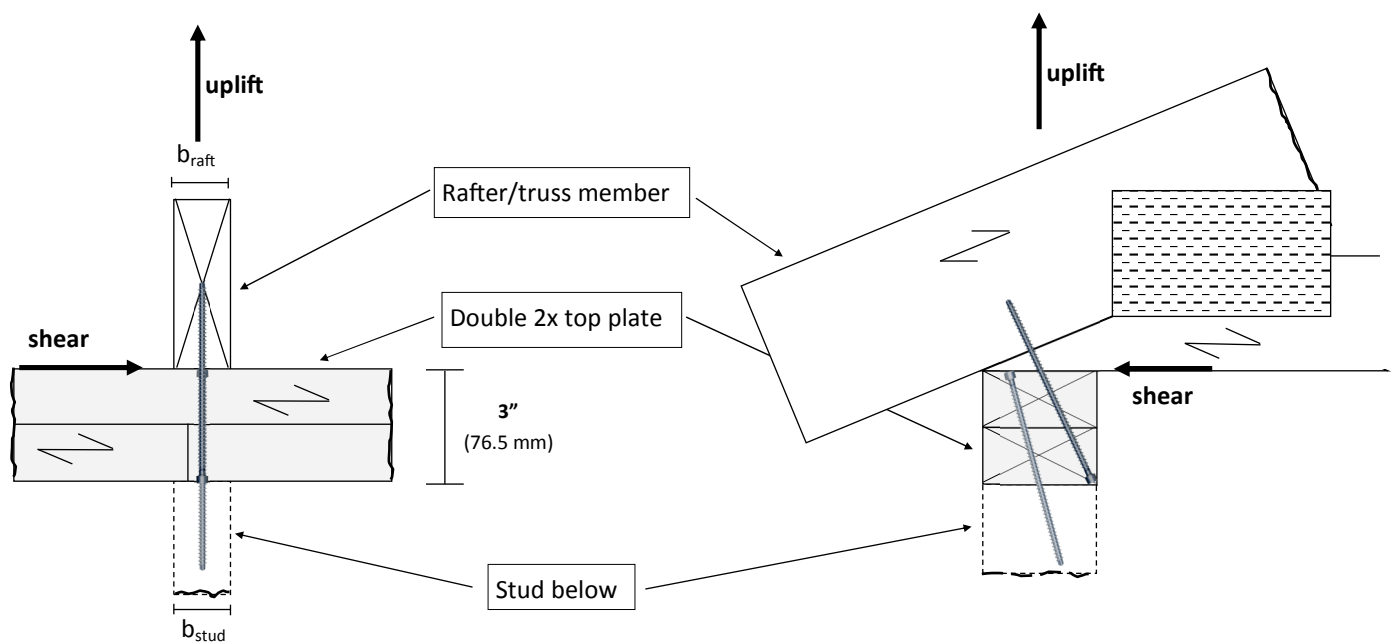
General information

This document provides design concepts for roof-to-wall connections using Code approved SWG ASSY® VG Cyl. screws. The recommendations are based on the following conditions:

- Rafters or truss members with a minimum cross section of 2x6" (38x140 mm)
- Studs from the framing below with a minimum cross section of 2x4" (38x89 mm) of No. 2 or better grade S-P-F lumber
- Double 2"x (38 mm x) wall top plate of No. 2 or better grade S-P-F lumber
- Continuous load path to other structural members to be provided by a registered design professional

Conditions of use

- Side member of the roof-to-wall connection is a 2"x (38 mm) wall top plate of No. 2 or better grade S-P-F lumber
- Main member of the roof-to-wall connection is a rafter, truss member or stud of No. 2 or better grade S-P-F lumber
- Splices in upper or lower plate with at least 1/4" (6 mm) offset to the center of the side member. The maximal width of the gap in the splice shall not be greater than the inner thread diameter:
0.15" (3.8 mm)



Suggested resistances for SWG ASSY® VG screws in roof-to-wall connections

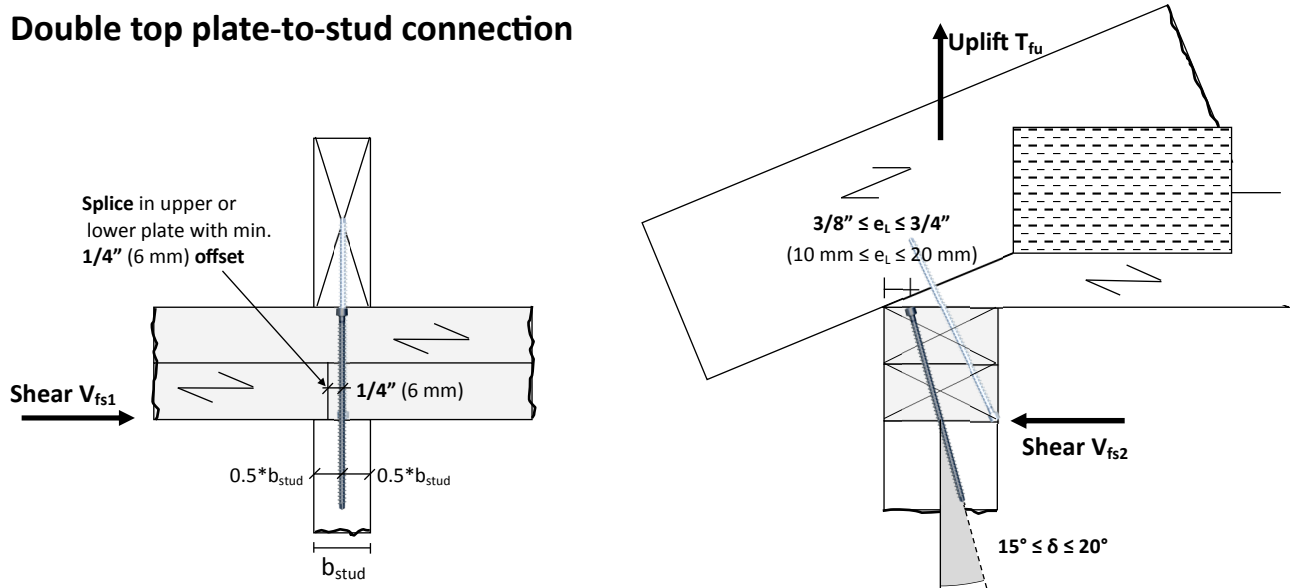
The outlined resistances are based on the CSA 086-09, the issued CCMC report “CCMC 13677-R” and boundary conditions outlined in the European Technical Approval “ETA-11/0190”.

Maximum suggested resistances are provided in *table 1 & 2*.

Suggested resistances are based on the following conditions:

- Listed factored resistances apply to mean oven dry relative density and specific gravity (SG) as outlined in respective tables
- Angle between screw axis and wood grain in the side member is $\alpha = 90^\circ$.
Angle between screw axis and wood grain of rafter/truss member not to be smaller than $\alpha = 45^\circ$.
In studs angle between screw axis and wood grain shall not be less than $\alpha = 15^\circ$.
- A wood moisture content of $12\% \pm 2\%$
- Applied modification factors are $K_{SF} = 1$, $K_T = 1$ and either $K_D = 1.15$ for wind uplift (“short term loading”) or $K_D = 1.00$ for lateral loads (“standard term loading”)
- For withdrawal resistance the threaded length only less one diameter for the tip is considered.

Double top plate-to-stud connection



Design and installation procedure

- Suggested factored resistances (uplift and lateral load) are outlined in *table 1*.
- SWG ASSY® VG Screws to be installed in the center of the stud width b_{stud} at an installation angle of $15^\circ \leq \delta \leq 20^\circ$
- Spacing end and edge distance requirements as per *table 4* shall be followed.
- SWG ASSY® VG Screws are to be driven top flush to the surface of the double top plate. Do not over-drive screw head in side member.
- Splices in upper or lower plate shall be set off to the SWG ASSY® VG Screw axis of min. 1/4" (6 mm)

Table 1: factored uplift and shear resistances for SWG ASSY® VG screws in double top plate-to-stud connections

| Factored shear and uplift resistance ¹ per SWG ASSY® VG Cyl. Screw ² in connections of top plates to studs | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------|--------------|--|-----|--|-----|--|-----|
| Diameter | Minor-Ø | Screw length | Uplift resistance $P_{r,u}$ ^{1,3} | | Shear resistance $P_{r,s1}$ ^{1,4} | | Shear resistance $P_{r,s2}$ ^{1,4} | |
| | | | kN | lbs | kN | lbs | kN | lbs |
| 1/4 (6) | 0.15 (3.8) | 7-7/8 (200) | 3.11 | 701 | 0.55 | 123 | 0.46 | 104 |

Notes: ¹ For load combinations of withdrawal and shear the following condition shall apply:

$$(T_{fu} / P_{r,u})^2 + (V_{fs1} / P_{r,s1})^2 + (V_{fs2} / P_{r,s2})^2 \leq 1$$

T_{fu} : uplift load

$P_{r,u}$: factored uplift resistance ³

$V_{fs1(2)}$: shear load as per picture above

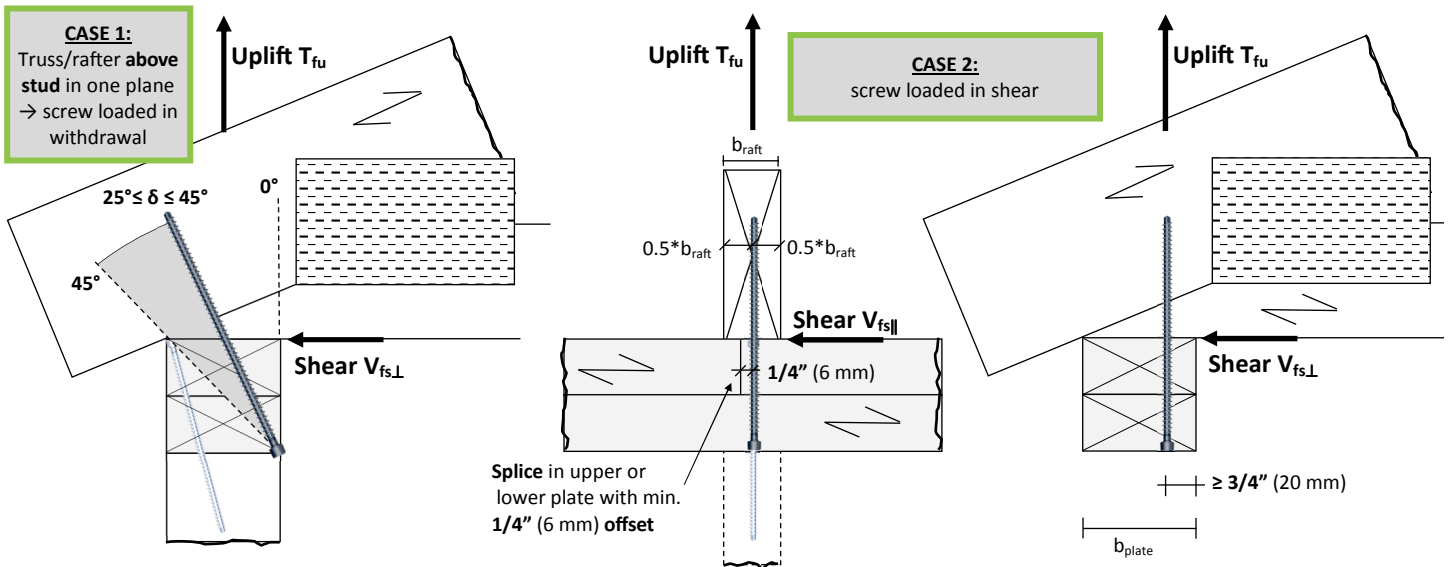
$P_{r,s1(2)}$: factored shear resistance ⁴

² Installation angle δ limited to: $15^\circ \leq \delta \leq 20^\circ$. Install screw in the center of the stud width b_{stud}

³ $K_{SF} = 1.0$, $K_T = 1.0$, $K_D = 1.15$ and SWG ASSY® VG Cyl. Screws assembled as per *design and installation procedure*

⁴ $K_{SF} = 1.0$, $K_T = 1.0$, $K_D = 1.00$ and SWG ASSY® VG Cyl. Screws assembled as per *design and installation procedure*

Double top plate-to-rafter/truss member connection



Design and installation procedure

- Suggested factored resistances (uplift load) are outlined in *table 2*.
- SWG ASSY® VG Screws to be installed in the center of rafter or truss member width b_{raft}
- When Truss/rafters **above** stud SWG ASSY® VG Screws to be installed at an installation angle δ : $25^\circ \leq \delta \leq 45^\circ$.
- When Truss/rafters are **offset** to stud SWG ASSY® VG Screws to be installed perpendicular and top flush to the surface of the lower plate with a minimum edge distance of 3/4" (20 mm).
- Do not over-drive screw head in side member.
- Spacing, end and edge distance requirements as per *table 4* shall be followed.

Table 2: factored uplift resistance for SWG ASSY® VG Screws in double top plate-to-rafter or truss member connections

| Factored resistance ¹ per SWG ASSY® VG Cyl. Screw in connections of rafter/truss members to top plates | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|------------|--------------|--|-----|---|-----|
| Rafter/ truss member position | Diameter | Minor-Ø | Screw length | Uplift resistance $P_{r,u}$ ^{1,3} | | Shear resistance $P_{r,s}$ ^{1,4} | |
| | in (mm) | in (mm) | in (mm) | kN | lbs | kN | lbs |
| CASE 1 ² | 1/4 (6) | 0.15 (3.8) | 7-7/8 (200) | 2.75 | 617 | 1.43 | 321 |
| CASE 2 ⁵ | 1/4 (6) | 0.15 (3.8) | 7-7/8 (200) | 3.65 | 817 | 0.55 | 123 |

Notes: ¹ For load combinations of withdrawal and shear the following condition shall apply:

$$\left(\frac{T_{fu}}{P_{r,u}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{V_{fs||}}{P_{r,s}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{V_{fs\perp}}{P_{r,s}}\right)^2 \leq 1$$

T_{fu} : uplift load
 $P_{r,u}$: factored uplift resistance³
 $V_{fs||}$: shear force parallel to top plate grain direction
 $V_{fs\perp}$: shear force perpendicular to top plate grain direction
 $P_{r,s}$: factored shear resistance⁴

² Installation angle δ limited to: $25^\circ \leq \delta \leq 45^\circ$. Install screw in center of rafter/truss width b_{raft}

³ $K_{SF} = 1.0$, $K_T = 1.0$, $K_D = 1.15$ and SWG ASSY® VG Screws assembled as per *design and installation procedure*.

⁴ $K_{SF} = 1.0$, $K_T = 1.0$, $K_D = 1.00$ and SWG ASSY® VG Screws assembled as per *design and installation procedure*.

⁵ Screw loaded in shear

SWG ASSY® VG CYL. specifications

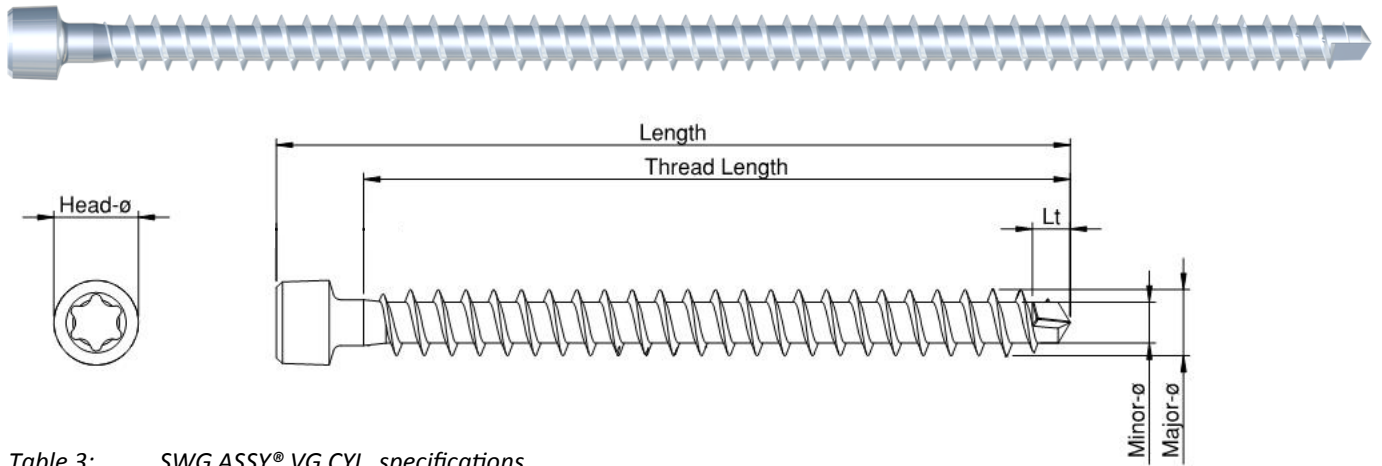


Table 3: SWG ASSY® VG CYL. specifications

| Major ϕ | Length | Thread Length | L_t | Head ϕ | Minor ϕ | Bit |
|--------------|------------|---------------|-------|-------------|--------------|-------|
| mm | | | | | | |
| 6 | 70 | 63 | 6 | 8 | 3.8 | AW 30 |
| | 80 | 73 | | | | |
| | 100 | 93 | | | | |
| | 120 | 113 | | | | |
| | 140 | 133 | | | | |
| | 160 | 153 | | | | |
| | 180 | 173 | | | | |
| | 200 | 193 | | | | |

Note: values listed in the table above are average measurements between upper and lower tolerance boundary

Minimum spacing, end and edge distances for SWG ASSY® VG screws

Table 4: minimum spacing requirements for SWG ASSY® VG screws

| Screws loaded axially | | | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Min. timber thickness = 4D | S_p Spacing* parallel | S_Q Spacing* perpendicular to | a_L end distance* | e_L edge distance* |
| SWG ASSY® VG | 5D (7.5 in D-Fir) | 2.5D | 5D (7.5D in D-Fir) | 3D |

Note: * Spacing and distance measured from the center of gravity of the threaded part in each member
D = Major ϕ (outer thread diameter)

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